per menth.
Saturday Quintuple Sheet Star, \$1 per year, with
foreign postage added, \$3.08,
(Entered at the Post Office at Washington, D. C.,

as second-class mail matter.)

EFAll mail subscriptions must be paid in advance.

Rates of advertising made known on application.

The regular permanent family circulation of The Evening Star in Washington is more than double that of any other paper, whether published in the morning on in the after-

As a medium for unobjectionable advertisements it therefore stands unequaled and unapproach-

WASHINGTON, D. C., TUESDAY, MAY 9, 1899-FOURTEEN PAGES.

## The only complete housefurnishers in Washington. Two Winning Cards.

We can safely say without any exaggeration that we beat the town with our stock of Mattings and Baby Carriages. We show more and prettier styles than any one. It is a pleasure to choose from a variety like ours. You don't have to content vourself with something that doesn't quite suit your ideas. Remember, that we offer liberal terms of credit to any one at all responsible, and we don't put you to any unnecessary inconvenience about it, either.

Straw Mattings.



Fancy Seamless Matting, roll \$6.00 Fine Fancy Matting, extra heavy, \$8.00 per roll, laid.

Extra heavy Matting, good 40c, 30c. Heaviest 100-pound China Matting, 40c.



## Baby Carriages and Go-Carts.

You can come here fully expecting to be on. Many of the new styles are exceedingly pretty and remarkably cheap in price. We 9, are proud, indeed, of this department. A handsome Reed Carriage, with \$3.50

A Fine Roll Carriage, with para-\$6.00

# House & Herrmann, 901-903 Seventh St., Cor. of I (Eye) St.

**\*\*\*\***\* "Have YOU eaten Grandma's Bread Today?"

When we speak of "Grand= ma's Bread" we mean W. Berens & Sons'

Don't be fooled by any other brands. Cheap bread may mean a very serious indisposition. This label is on each

each loaf:





W. BERENS & SONS,

'Phone 1169.

927 Pa. Ave.

# Excursion Keniworth, D.C.

Tomorrow at 4:36 p.m.,

From the Penn. Depot. Railroad Tickets Free

at our office or at depot prior to 4:36. Lots Only \$150, \$200 and \$300. Terms, \$1, \$2 and \$3 Weekly.

MONEY LOANED TO BUILD. Practically the last desirable section of the District of Colum-

bia vet open to investors of moderate means. Columbia electric railway now building to the subdivision. Only 5c. fare to any point in Washington. Make no other engagement for tomorrow. Remember, you have an appointment with us at the Penn. depot at 4:36 p.m. You are our guests we pay all the expenses of the trip.

Allen W. Mallery & Co., 620 F Street. 

GO CAMERAS AT LOW COST. Last year's Cameras, best makes. Regula prices were \$5 to \$30. We offer them at a re

duction of 30%. See window display. Weustner's Plates, sizes 61/2x81/2 and 8x16 HOUGHTON & DELANO, 732 15TH ST. 28.3m.15

CELERY MAKES
PEOPLE
WELL.

Pale People

Need EVANS' FERRI PEPTO MANGAN. It makes rich, red blood—puts the rosy flush of health in sallow cheeks—sharpens the appetite—makes one enjoy one's neals—builds up the general health. It agrees with the stomach—and does not affect the teeth.

Evans' Drug Store, Wholesale and Evans' Drug Store, Retail, 925 F st. Conn. ave. and 8 st. and 1428 Md. ave. n.e. myG-164.

GOOD FOR WELL PEOPLE AND SICK ONES-Liebig Company Extract of Beef.

Why He Withdrew From Active Business Connections,

The Philanthropist's Views on Anglo-American Trade Rivairy-Twelve Millions in Gifts.

A London special to the New York World embraces an interview with Mr. Andrew Carnegie as to his reasons why he sold his steel interests. In answer to the question whether he had sold from fear or dislike of the trusts Mr. Carnegie said:

"The trusts have never frightened me, and the Carnegle Steel Company has no oceasion to be afraid of them, as it is the greatest property of its kind the world has ever seen or probably ever will see. "I did not sell out because business was

not prosperous; it was never so prosperous, ner were its prospects ever so good. "I sold out in pursuance of a policy determined upon long since, not to spend my old age in business, struggling after more dollars. I believe in developing a dignified

dol ars. I believe in developing a dignified and unselfish life after sixty."

Mr. Carnegie's attention was called to a paragraph in a London paper which referred to his famous declaration that "to die rien is to die disgraced," and asked what he was going to do with the \$100,-0.000 he had amassed.

"Tell that editor," replied Mr. Carnegie, "to watch and see. I hope I shall not justify the definition sometimes deserved of a philanthropist, as a man with a great deal of money but a very little sense."

America vs. England.

Asked his opinion of the recent triumphs of American engineering firms in beating English competition for the supply of locomotives to India, etc., Mr. Carnegie said: "As I have been telling my native land

for at least fifteen years what was coming, I am not surprised. The American is the most alert, quickest and most versatile man the world has yet seen. The American workman is more skillful than any other. "To be sure, there is a great deal of 'kick' in the Briton, and the struggle will not be hastily given over. When he has to meet superior competition I have great faith in his ability to change his methods and to fight. One great obstacle which he must encounter is the fact that minerals are rapidly being worked out in the old land, while in the new they are only just being opened." I am not surprised. The American is the being opened."
"How do you think matters will work out

"How do you think matters will work out in the manufacture of iron and steel?"

"The wants of the world are sufficient to tax both Europe and America. There are only three countries which can furnish much of these articles—Great Britain, Germany and the United States. The two former are now worked to their fullest capacity and can't meet the increased wants of the world, which must be satisfied by the United States. In the temporary depressions which come at intervals Great Britain and Germany will find the surplus of America selling in competition with them, which is just what the American manufacturer has had to stand heretofore. The situation is now reversed."

Nearly \$12,000,000 Given Away.

Nearly \$12,000,000 Given Away. The World prints the following table of Mr. Carnegie's known public bequests dur-

ing the past twenty-five years:	ses dui
Philisburg Library and Art Cal	
	er non no
	375,00
Johnstown Free Library	509,00
New York Free Library	300,00
Fairfield (Iowa) Free Library	50,00
Grensburg Free Library	40,00
Town of Carnegie Free Library	60,00
Washington Dublis 17	210,00
Washington Public Library	300,00
Pennsylvania State College Free	
Library	100,00
Stirling Free Library	30,00
Jedburgh Free Library	10,00
Dumferline (Scotland) Free Li- brary	
Distry	200,00
Edinburgh (Scotland) Free Library	250,00
Aberdeen (Scotland) Free Library.	30,00
Peterhead (Scotland) Free Library	5,00
Ayr (Scotland) Free Library	50.00
Inverness (Scotland) Free Library.	8,00
Wick (Scotland) Free Library	15.00
FOR American Art	1,000,00
Figures lead Institution	500,00
Chicago University.	3,000,00
Duquesne Institute	500,00
Bellevue Medical College	76,00
Pittsburg Observatory	20.00
Organ for New York Church Di-	20,00
vine Fraternity	20.00
Pittsburg Carnegie Institute	1.750.00

DEATH OF PRINCE VON LOWENSTEIN

Shot by Member of Oregon Regiment in Filipino Lines.

C. S. Bradford of San Francisco has just eturned from the Philippines, and gives an interesting account of the death of Prince Ludwig von Lowenstein, who was killed during the battle of Caloocan, on Sunday, March 26. A party of civilians, among whom were

Mr. Bradford and the prince, were observ-ing the progress of the battle from a stone bridge over the Malabon river, when an orderly appeared, warning the sightseers of orderly appeared, warning the sightseers of the danger of their position. The orderly then addressed himself to the prince personally, saying: "I am speaking to you particularly. You have already given us some trouble by hanging around the firing line, and we will have no more of it."

The prince and a companion disappeared into a clump of timber. This timber later became the scene of some active work, and the Oregon soldiers were ordered to fire became the scene of some active work, and the Oregon soldiers were ordered to fire volleys into it and to perforate several houses. In one of these Prince Lowenstein had secreted himself. A bullet fired by an Oregonian entered the right side of the prince, severing the intestines and killing him instantiv.

Oregonian entered the right side of the prince, severing the intestines and killing him instantly.

Mr. Bradford, with two others, took charge of him. A search of the body revealed among other things a passport signed by Aguinaldo, granting the prince permission to enter the lines of the rebe's at will, and instructing insurgent officers to give him any aid and comfort he might desire. The prince was at one time interpreter for General Miller, but was found untrustworthy.

DANGEROUS \$2 COUNTERFEIT.

Randolph Meyer Arrested While Pass-

lug One in New York. The New York police yesterday turned over to the secret service authorities Randolph Meyer, arrested while attempting to pass a counterfeit \$2 bill. The bill is of the issue of 1821, bearing the McPherson head, the same bill which was counterfeited extensively by a gang of Sicilians last winter, and for which offense a number of men are now serving sentences in prison.

It is a very clever imitation of the genuine. It bears the check letter B 38, is printed on Japanese paper and there are tracings in red ink on the face and reverse, imitating the silk threads in the paper used by the government. It is regarded as a very dangerous counterfeit, especially when it becomes worn by use. It is almost impossible to distinguish it from a genuine bill.

The only record the secret service bureau to pass a counterfeit \$2 bill. The bill is

The only record the secret service bureau has of this counterfeit previously was in 1807, when one was found in the possession of a man when arrested. He explained that he had found it on the Bowery, and as there was no evidence to the contrary he was not held.

To Represent the State Department. Mr. William H. Michael, chief clerk of the State Department, has been appointed to represent the State Department on the gov-ernment board of exhibits of the pan-Amer-ican exposition to be held at Buffalo,

Bon Marche. \$10.00 Suit Sale.

Tight-fitting Eton and Reefer Suits. Worth \$12.50, \$15, \$16.50, \$18 and \$20.

This will be Millinery Week. Grand special sale in all goods appertaining to Millinery. The choicest bargains of the season— Ribbons, Flowers, Hats, Ornaments, Wings, Laces and Chiffonsall at Special Prices. This week we will

Trim Your Hat Free of Charge

-having same done by our corps of high-class trimmers and giving it our best attention.

15 cents. Choice of Large Single Roses, Clover, Hyaclath, Apple Blossoms, Rose Buds, Violet Foliage, Grasses, Buttercups, Rag-ged Robbins and Crushed Roses, 6 in bunch, Worth 25, 35 and 39c. 15c. Silk Ragged Robbins .. 
 75c.
 Silk Ragged Robbins.
 29c.

 98c.
 Large Silk Roses.
 C9c.

 39c.
 Violet Follage.
 29c.

 39c.
 Crushed Roses—bunch of 6.
 19c.

 60c.
 Roses and Foliage.
 39c.

 39c.
 Popples—all colors, bunch of 9.
 23c.

 98c.
 Velvet Pansles—bunch of 6.
 59c.

 19c.
 Large Violets.
 14c.

 49c.
 Black Silk Roses—bunch of 6.
 39c.

 98c.
 Blk.
 Chrysanthemums—bunch of 6.59c.
 Straw Nets & Braids. 
 10c. Straw Braids, all celors.
 5c.

 19e. Satin Straw Braids.
 10c.

 39e. Straw Net yard.
 25c.

 49e. Straw Net yard.
 39e.

 98c. Straw Net yard.
 75c.

 49e. Straw Net yard.
 75c.

Ribbons.

An Expert to Tie Your Bows FREE.

5-inch Satin Taffeta, with cord edge-the new ribbon for hat bows-in White, Cream, Maise, Blue, Pink, Turquoise, Lav-ender, Violet, Heliotrope, and all the new shades. Regular price 75c, yard—47C. 5-inch Three-toned Lavender, Heliotrope and Violet Ribbon for hat bows. 59c. Regular price 98c. yard-for, yard 59c.

S-Inch Bengeline Taffeta Ribbon, in White, Cream, Turquoise, Maise, Light Blue, Cerise and all the new shades. Reguiar price 69c.—for, 39c.

Table full of 315 and 4-Inch All-silk Ribbon, in Plain Taffeta, Moire Taffeta, Fancy Striped Plaids, Checks and Boman Stripes. Sultable for children's hats. Regular price 25c and 29c. 15c.

We tie hat, neck and sash bows free of charge.

Satin Stripe Mousseline de Soie, ne-cordeon platted, in white, 18 inches wide; regular price, 68c. 30c. Renaissance Lace Insertion, 6 inches wide, all new designs, for hat 98C, trimming; worth \$1.48 yard—yard

Hat Trimmings.

Malines, in black, white and all the new shades, 27 inches wide, for trim-ming hats; 25c quality-yard.... 16C. 75c. Liberty Silk, in black, white and all the new shades, 45 inches 69C. \$2-inch Brussels Net, in black, white, pink, blue and red, for making 69c. hats; \$1 quality-yard......

Hats, 19c.

Black, White and Colored Straw Braid Hats, made on frames—in all the 49c. wanted shapes. Worth 89c. Choice 49c. Hats Trimmed Free of

Charge. Children's Flats—in plain, high, low and Tam O'Shanter crowns—fancy and plain braids—all the wanted colors—75°C.

Jumbo Straw Sallors-silk band. 35C. Sailors in Rough and Ready 49c. Fine Split Straw Sailors—\$1.48\$1.00 and \$1.25 Trimmed Al- 79c.

Ouills and Wings.

25c. Long Eagle Quills. 15c 39c. Nat. Pigeon Wings, pair. 23c 49c. Black and White Wings, pair. 39c 50c. Black Paradise Algrette. 39c 88c. Blk. and White Paradise Aigrette. 75c \$1.48 Ospreys—black and white. \$1.2: 49c. Gilt Buckles. 39c 39c. and 49c. Steel and Rhinestone Ornaments. 23c

### Trimmed Hats.

We mention only three prices-and while we have higherpriced and lower-priced ones, in these assortments you will find style, variety and the best values:

\$2.98. Copies of Imported

\$7.50. Trimmed Hats. Models Worth up to \$5.00.

\$4.98. Best values

\$10. \$12.50 & \$6.50, \$7.50, \$8

Hats Trimmed Free of Charge.

Resolution Directing Non-Action on Petition Affecting The Evening Star.

Receipt of Communication Calling Attention to Alleged Violation

of Eight-Hour Law.

The meeting last evening of the Central Labor Union was largely attended. In the absence of President Szegedy, Vice President Lewis occupied the chair, and on account of the non-attendance of Secretary Feeney by reason of sickness in his family Mr. J. F. McCormick was chosen as secre-

tary pro tem. Delegates from the Horseshoers' Union, Amalgamated Association of Carpenters, Hackmen's and Cabmen's Union and Brotherhood of Carpenters No. 190 severally reported that a committee from the Stone Cutters' Association had called upon them at their last meeting and requested that they indorse their petition asking that the stone for the new Star building be cut in Washington.

The delegate from the horseshoers reported that the visiting committee indulged in victous abuse of those members of labor organizations who did not favor the methods of the stone cutters in the controversy, and virtually asked those whose interviews were recently printed in The Star on that subject to repudiate what they had said. The committee was informed that as the horseshoers were allied with the Central Labor Union and that body having taken no action in the matter, they could not accede to the stone cutters' request.

Resolution Adopted.

A long discussion followed the statement of the horseshoers, in which the status of the stone cutters, as it relates to other organizations, was detailed, after which the following resolution was unanimously

"Various organizations having reported to this body that the soft stone cutters have solicited them to favor their alleged grievance against The Evening Star Publishing Company, it is requested of the allied organizations that they take no action in the matter, as the stone cutters have made no complaint to the Central Labor Union, and until the matter is brought officially to the attention of this body and duly investigated no action should be taken by any allied body."

Communications were read from William J. Gilthorpe, general secretary-treasurer of the Brotherhood of Bolien Makers and Iron Shipbuilders of America, inclosing a copy of a letter forwarded to President McKinley, asking for the removal of Claude M. Johnson from the directorship of the bureau of engraving and printing. Similar "Various organizations having reported

Johnson from the directorship of the bureau of engraving and printing. Similar communications were read from J. A. Cable, national secretary-treasurer of the Coopers' International Union of North America; also from James F. Hughes, general secretary-treasurer of the Amalgamated Sheet Metal Workers, International Association, and one from George B. Cortelyou, assistant secretary to President McKinley, acknowledging the receipt of the letter from the Central Labor Union in which Mr. Johnson's removal was requested.

Working Overtime. It was reported that the engineers at the mavy yard are required to work nine hours for a day's work, which is a violation of

THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION the federal eight-hour law. The matter was referred to Engineers' Union, No. 14,

for investigation and report. A committee was appointed to ascertain the terms upon which River View can be

the terms upon which River View can be secured for the Labor day celebration, and the delegates were instructed to learn the views of their respective unions on the subject of a parade on Labor day, and to make a report thereon to the Central Labor Union at an early date.

Organizer R. H. Lewis reported the formation of the Retail Clerks' Association with the following officers: President, E. A. Bachrach; vice president, E. T. Davis; secretary, B. P. Nash; treasurer, J. D. Weaver; guide, N. Jones; guardian, J. O. Clark; trustees, Messrs, C. W. Thompson, McDuff, Pratt, J. Mimms, F. L. Bennett and Eugene Treakle.

The new association has applied for a charter from the National Retail Clerks' Association, the headquarters of which is in Denver, Col., and after the receipt of the looked for charter they will be represented in the Central Labor Union.

MARKET FOR ADULTERATED FOOD.

Lax Laws Makes This Country Dumping Ground. Graeme Stewart, a prominent Chicago merchant and partner in the wholesale grocery firm of W. M. Hoyt & Co., yester-

day gave it as his opinion to the senatorial investigating committee that 25 per cent of the 11,000,000 132-pound sacks of coffee shipped into this country from Brazil last year consisted of what is known as "black jack," a worthless variety of the coffee bean, without taste, hard, tough and black in color.

"This stuff," said Mr. Stewart, pointing to some exhibits before the committee, "is shipped back here from Germany, glazed, mixed with good coffee and sold as the pure article. I recommend to your committee a law prohibiting the shipping of this 'black law prohibiting the shipping of this 'black jack' into the country. In Germany it is not allowed to be sold, and there it is picked out by hand and sent to us."

Mr. Stewart went on to say that the United States took what other countries refused, it being easy of sale here because of the lax laws regarding food stuffs. He said that when the Brazilian comes arrived in

the lax laws regarding food stuffs. He said that when the Brazilian coffee arrived in Germany it was carefully inspected, and children were set to work to pick out the coffee beans that were not fit or whole-

some.

Hamburg was the great port of entry in Germany where coffee was sent from Brazil. The children put the worthless beans aside and these were packed in bags and shipped to this country, where they were mixed with good coffee, and no one was the wiser.

mixed with good coffee, and no one was the wiser.

It all went to show that if there was anything in the way of food that other countries rejected it could be foisted upon the people of the United States, who took anything and could be easily deceived.

One of the witnesses before the committee was Patrick M. Sanney, president of a pure food company. He said men in his line of business wanted prepared food labeled as exactly what it contained.

H. G. Furbay of the same company in-

H. G. Furbay of the same company included in his testimony the statement that a great deal of stuff sold for olive oil is peanut oil.

peanut oil.

J. H. Mourad, a dairy expert, testified that several brands of condensed milk on the market are really condensed skim milk.

Allan F. Murray, drug and spice miller, testified fhat a portion of his business was to make imitation spices to order. Commercial cream of tartar, he said, was worth 5 cents a pound and the genuine 21½ cents. He said he thought adulterations were little used by most wholesalers, but very largely by gift enterprise concerns.

在是自然在大學的表現在不在在不在在在大學的不是有不是在在在在在在在在在在在在在在在在在在在在在在在 Barber & Ross - - - - 11th and G Sts.

# "In Time of Peace Prepare for War!"

it is right on you before you buy your screens, hose, lawn mowers, ice cream freezers, gas stoves and all the other little things that help to make hot weather more endurable. Why

Screen Doors, 65c. | Economic Gas Range. Complete with spring hinges, hook, eye and knob-6 different sizes-only 65c.

Double Screen Doors. Pretty natural wood finish, all \$2.50

Window Screens

-ready made and made to order. In a her case you get the best value possible to obtain anywhere. Will send a man to submit estimate for screening the whole house. Drop postal, Watering Hose,

\$25 ft. for \$1.75. This includes couplings and patent brass

Lawn Mowers, \$1.95. Think of buying a warranted Lawn Mower for \$1.95 as good as the mowers that used to sell for \$3. We also have plenty of the larger and more expensive mowers.

33-qt. Arctic Sice Cream Freezers, \$1.35 Guaranteed same as the higher-priced freezers. Have sold hundreds of them without a single complaint being made as to their efficiency and reliability.

Poultry Netting, 60c. \$100 Square Feet

True to its name—the most economical Gas Range on the market. Has 24 in square top, with extra rack 6 ins, wide. Large oven and broiler—all sawed burners—combustion absolutely perfect. Double burner for quick heating—also simmering burner for keeping the kettle just at bolling point. All burners, including oven burner, can be instantly removed without unscrewing a bolt or mit. \$13.50 the market at.

Wickless Blue Flame

Oil Stoves, \$8 up. Burn common kerosene oil, and give a blue flame as hot as gas or gasoline, and at less expense. Suitable for either city or country houses. Absolutely safe. Free demonstrations daily. See them for your-self.

Acorn Filters, \$3.50.

A "natural stone water purifier"—absolutely self-cleaning and germ-proof—the only sure preventive against disease. Better than all other filters put together, because it's so simple and is "always clean." Price, \$3.50.

Beautiful Colonial Column Mantels, \$33.50.

The very newest and swellest thing in mantel architecture—7 ft. 3 ins. high-made of finest selected quartered oak—rubbed finish—18x40 French beveled plate mirror, with patent back. Put up in your house all complete, with best enameled thed fire-place, iron lining and \$33.50

Barber & Ross, 11th & GSts

Lansburgh & Bro.

# MEVER

We closed out from one of the largest importers nearly 5,000

A Wonderful Array of Ribbon Bargains. All new fashionable effects in Bright Colored Ribbons.

All the late popular colorings now so extensively used. Corded Ribbons and other novelty effects most wanted by correct dressers.

These goods run from 4 to 7 inches wide. None worth less than 30c. Nearly all worth 50c. and some run as high as 75c. yd. Your

choice of any piece in this lot.... Remember, these goods are strictly ALL SILK and are sold with Lansburgh & Bro.'s guarantee.

Come early, as there is always a choice.

Ribbon Dept., Main Entrance.

An Everlasting Corset

Has not yet been created, but Her Majesty's comes as close to being everlasting as any woman will care to have it.

HER MAJESTY'S CORSET is constructed of the best materials obtainable, and only the most skilled workpeople are employed to build it. It is an exceptional corset in every particular, but its wearing qualities are likely its pre-eminent feature.

We will be pleased to show it to you any time you come. ANSBURGH & BRO

420-422-424-426 7th Street



would be surprised how quick the people are to distinguish between the genuine and the imitation. As soon as it became known our genuine tailoring could be had for about twothirds the old-time prices the people commenced coming our way, and as it becomes better known they continue coming in greater numbers.

We stand back of everything we sell. If the goods should contain cotton we'd say so-if the goods should be domestic we'd say so-if the goods are imported we'd say so -yeu can place reliance on the Mertz say so.

We're making a beautiful summer sack suit from imported worsteds in neat checks-plaids and mixtureslight, medium and dark colors-just the right kind of a suit at the right price.

To-order..... \$14.97 Mertz & Mertz.

> Woolen Merchants and Tailors, 906 and 908 F St.

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